

Exercise Sheet 5: Specification and Verification with Higher-Order Logic (Summer Term 2011)

Date: 17.05.2011

Exercise 1 Language Semantics, Specification and Correctness

In this exercise we look at the compiler from Section 3.3 of the Isabelle/HOL tutorial.

- a) (Prepare!) Make yourself familiar with the involved languages, the compiler and the definition of its correctness. In particular:
- Create an Isabelle/HOL theory with all the datatype and function definitions of the two languages and the compiler.
 - Define two constants for source programs, representing the two expressions $((a + 1) + b)$ and $(5 + (2 * (3 + 6)))$.
 - Evaluate the expressions, execute their compiled counterparts and compare the results.
 - Add the correctness theorem (and auxiliary lemma) of the section to your theory and complete their proofs using the hints given in the tutorial.
- b) (Prepare!) Add unary operators to the source and target language. Adjust the proofs accordingly.
- c) At the moment, programs of the source language are just expressions. We now want to extend the language with assignments. A program is then a sequence of assignments. As seen in the tutorial, the semantics of expressions are just values. The semantics of a statement is the state after executing the statement.
- Define a datatype for statements, which are either sequences of statements or assignments.
 - Define a function to "run" statements.
- d) We want to extend the compiler to statements. We therefore need a store instruction in the target language.
- Extend the target language with a store instruction and adjust the compiler accordingly.
- e) To show the correctness of the new compiler, adjust the semantics of the target language and add a fitting correctness theorem. Prove the theorem.