WS 2007/2008 2007-11-02

## Exercises to the Lecture FSVT

# Prof. Dr. Klaus Madlener

sheet 3

### Exercise 6:

- 1. Model the state of the Euclidean algorithm as abstract state.
- 2. Prove, that the Euclidean algorithm can be viewed as sequential algorithm.
- 3. Model the state of Turing machines as abstract state.
- 4. Prove, that Turing machines can be viewed as sequential algorithms.

## Exercise 7:

Prove Lemma 3.7 from slide 57.

### Exercise 8:

Let A be a sequential algorithm with set of critical terms T. Let  $R^X$  be the update rule of A in the state X as considered in consequence 3.10 on slide 59 of the lecture. Let the equivalence relation  $E_X$  on a state X be defined by

$$E_X(t_1, t_2) \iff Val(t_1, X) = Val(t_2, X)$$

on the set of critical terms T. Let states X,Y be called T-similar, if  $E_X=E_Y$ . Prove:

- 1. If the states X, Y coincide on T, then  $\Delta(R^X, Y) = \Delta(A, Y)$ .
- 2. Let X,Y be states and  $\Delta(R^X,Z)=\Delta(A,Z)$  for a state Z isomorphic to Y, then  $\Delta(R^X,Y)=\Delta(A,Y)$  as well.
- 3. If X and Y are T-similar states, then  $\Delta(R^X, Y) = \Delta(A, Y)$ .

Delivery: until 2007-11-08, by EMail to Bernd Strieder